SAFETY DATA SHEET



Simichrome Polish

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Simichrome Polish

Product code Other means of

: Not available. : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use

: Polishing / Burnishing compound

Area of application

: Consumer applications.

Supplier's details

: Happich GmbH Lise-Meitner-Straße 14 D-42119 Wuppertal Tel.: +49 (0) 202 87030

e-mail address of person

: info@happich.de

responsible for this SDS **Emergency telephone**

: +49 (0) 202 87030 (from Monday to Friday 08:00-16:00)

number (with hours of operation)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : H372

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -

Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: F372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

General

: P103 - Read label before use.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

: P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

Storage

: Not applicable.

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United States

Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposa

 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ammonium oleate Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	≥10 - <20 ≤10 ≤10	64742-82-1 544-60-5 64742-82-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Ma fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

metal oxide/o sulfur oxides Hydrogen

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark : Non-flammable.

: Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.

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Remark

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Woold dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind, Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 10 to 25°C (50 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ammonium oleate Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. None. ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile rubber. NBR (≥0.5 mm)

Body protection

Fersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Sased on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Filter AX

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Pasty
Color : Pink

Odor : Characteristic. Odor threshold : Not available. : 9.5 to 11.4 **Melting** point : Not available. **Boiling point** : >100°C (>212°F) Flash point : Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : Not available.

Density : 7.1 to 1.4 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]

Solubility : Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

SADT : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Physical/chemical : Ørganic solve

hysical/chemical : Ørganic solvents: 15-25%

properties comments Dispersible in the following materials: water

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

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Possibility of hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Weep from freezing. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>13.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	_
ammonium oleate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>13.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2920 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	_

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Non-irritant to skin. Eyes : May cause eye irritation.

Sensitization Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not sensitizing Respiratory : Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 1 Category 1	Inhalation Inhalation	Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available. effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available. effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

: Tauses damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or General

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Simichrome Polish Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ammonium oleate Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	25000	4096.4	N/A	30	N/A
	N/A	3400	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2500	2500	N/A	3	N/A
	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Foxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	EC50 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)		Fish Fish	96 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	74.7 % - 28 days 74.7 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Contains: surfactant (Readily biodegradable)

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	3.7 to 6.7	10 to 2500	high	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	3.7 to 6.7	10 to 2500	high	

Mobility in soil

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United States

[:] Harmful to aquatic organisms.

Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

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Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : FSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: ammonia

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (inhalation) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant
ammonium oleate Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	≤10 ≤10	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (inhalation) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	ammonium oleate	544-60-5	≤10
Supplier notification	ammonium oleate	544-60-5	≤10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE; alpha-ALUMINA

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I. II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification	
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method	-

History

Date of issue/Date of

: 02/04/2020

revision

Date of previous issue

: 08/01/2017

Version

: 2

Prepared by

: Chemical Check GmbH

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

References

: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard

International transport regulations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.